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The fact that so many soldiers were blinded and lost limbs in the war raised a serious problem in all the belligerent countries. These men had been incapacitated from following their previous occupations. In the United States, a number of different kinds of work in which it might be hoped that they could become proficient.

M. Sabatier's drawing shows how the problem of finding work for blinded soldiers who have had one or two hands amputated has been solved in France. The work is done in a reduction-plant at the Blind Re-education Home at Neuilly-sur-Seine, which was founded during the war by Mr. and Mrs. George A. Krueger, of New York.

This school, situated at Neuilly-sur-Seine, was erected and organized by a French soldier, M. Sabatier, who had been blinded in the war. The school is now a part of the army and navy, and we see classes of blinded and maimed men undergoing a course of instruction by women teachers in the knitting workshop of this most excellent institution.

Here the miracle has been accomplished of giving hope to the most unfortunate of those who have been maimed in the war. They may find a way to earn a living, and the calamity of a German victory, which would have meant a barbaric tyranny, and whose welfare ought to be the first care of the State.

### A MIRACLE IN THE TRAINING OF BLINDED AND MAIMED SOLDIERS IN FRANCE

LEWIS BY AP. JACOBSON